Linnaean Taxonomic Classification Nomenclature

All biologists use a single naming system that essentially follows the practice of Linnaeus.

Taxa are always given Latin names (or Latinized ones). This is a label and not a definition. (*Homo sapiens* – wise man)

The name of a species always consists of two words – the genus (generic) name followed by the species (specific) name. Grammatically, the genus is a noun and the species is adjective or another noun in opposition.

The genus name is always capitalized and italicized. The species name is italicized only. If you used the genus name already you may use the first letter followed by a period.

Homo sapiens, H. sapiens

In the rare cases where a subgenus name is used it is capitalized, italicized and put in parentheses after the genus.

Australopithecus (Paranthropus) robustus

If a subspecies name is used it comes at the end and is italicized only. E.G. *Homo sapiens sapiens*

Categories above the genus level are capitalized but not italicized. They generally have endings that show the level of classification.

ini for tribe (Infraorder),oidea for superfamily,idae for family.

Above the superfamily the only rule is that the name must be Latin or Latinized.

The Latin names are often anglicized by dropping the ending and it is not normally capitalized. Hominidae – hominid.

Technically the full name of the taxon should include the name of its inventor and the date but this is only done if the discussion is concerning the taxonomy of the name. *Homo sapiens* Linnaeus, 1758

Ideally, a taxon should have only one name, but some have been given more than one and there is a disagreement over which one has priority or which one is better.

Homo sapiens neanderthalensis vs. Homo neanderthalensis

Meanings behind the Latin names

Homo sapiens	Homo neanderthalensis
Man wise	Man Neander from (ensis)
Homo habilis	Australopithecus afarensis
Man handy	Southern (Austral) ape (pithecus) Afar (place) from (ensis)
Homo erectus	Australopithecus africanus
Man erect	Southern (Austral) ape (pithecus) Africa of (nus)
Homo ergaster	Paranthropus robustus
Man work	Beside (Para) human (anthropus) robust
Homo floresiensis	Paranthropus boisei
Man Flores from (ensis)	Beside (Para) human (anthropus) Charles Boise (boisei)
Sivapithecus	Proconsul
-	Before (Pro) Consul (<i>consul</i>) a chimp at the London Zoo
Siva (an mutan gou) ape (prinecus)	Before (110) Consul (<i>consul)</i> a chinip at the London 200
Primate (Order)	
Principle or First	
Anthropoidea (Suborder)	
Human feet	
Hominoidea (Superfamily)	
Man	
Hominidae (Family)	
Man	
Other basic genus names you need to	o know
e ,	
Pan – Chimpanzee	
Gorilla – Gorilla	
Pongo – Orang-utan	